# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

# SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 . Product identifier

Product name : LUBRIFIANT SEC Product code : 862390

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered name company : IPH BRANDS

Address : 31 rue de la Baume, 75008 Paris, France

Telephone : +33 1-44-86-08-10

infoclient@giss.fr

http://www.giss.fr

### 1.4 . Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1.45.42.59.59.

Association/Organisation : INRS/ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

# SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 . Classification of the substance or mixture

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Serious eye damage, Category 1 (Eye Dam. 1, H318).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

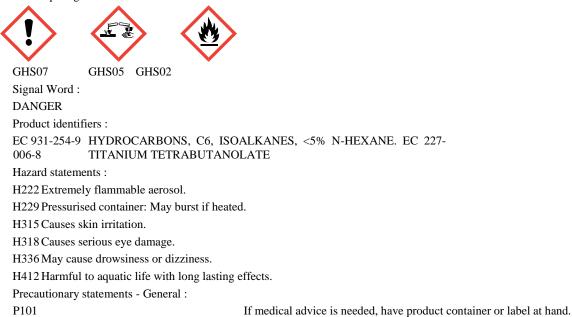
#### 2.2. Label elements

Mixture for spray application.

Mixture for aerosol application.

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

## Hazard pictograms :



P102 Precautionary statements - Prevention :	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary statements - Response :	
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Precautionary statements - Storage :	
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 oC/122oF.
Precautionary statements - Disposal :	

P501 Eliminate the contents / container according to the local regulations.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC)  $\geq 0.1\%$  published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

# SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.2 . Mixtures

### **Composition :**

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: 601_004_00_0	GHS02, GHS04	С	50 <= x % <
CAS: 106-97-8	Dgr	[1]	100
EC: 203-448-7	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[7]	
REACH: 01-2119474691-32	Press. Gas, H280		
BUTANE			
INDEX: A9312549	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02		10 <= x % < 2
EC: 931-254-9	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119484651-34	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANES, <5%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
N-HEXANE.	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
INDEX: A5593704	GHS07, GHS05, GHS02		2.5 <= x % <
CAS: 5593-70-4	Dgr		10
EC: 227-006-8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
TITANIUM TETRABUTANOLATE	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
INDEX: 603-117-00-0	GHS02, GHS07	[1]	1 <= x % < 2.5
CAS: 67-63-0	Dgr		
EC: 200-661-7	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
REACH: 01-2119457558-25	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
PROPAN-2-OL			

# Information on ingredients :

# [7] Propellant gas

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

### **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor. NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

### 4.1 . Description of first aid measures

### In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

In the event of inhalation of spray mist, seek medical attention immediately, showing the packaging or label.

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

#### In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor. Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### No data available.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

# SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

In the event of fire, use specifically suitable extinguishing agents. Never use water. Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

# Suitable methods of extinction

- In the event of a fire, use :
- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO 2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

#### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water
- water jet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health. Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO 2)

### 5.3 . Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

### SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 . Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

### For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

Use some absorbent.

The elimination must be carried out by a registrated salvage professionnal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

# SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

### Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

### **Recommended equipment and procedures :**

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Never pour water into this mixture.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Where the personnel must carry out work in a booth, whether for spraying or otherwise, the ventilation may be inadequate to control particles and solvent vapors in every case.

It is therefore recommended that personnel wear masks with a compressed air supply during spraying operations until the concentration of particles and solvent vapors has fallen below the exposure limits.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions. In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid eye contact with this mixture at all times.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

### Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used. Never open the packages under pressure.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits :** 

- France (INRS - ED984 :2012) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes :	TMP No :
106-97-8	800	1900	-	-	-	-
67-63-0	-	-	400	980	-	84

# - UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	600 ppm 1450 mg/m3	750 ppm 1810 mg/m 3		Carc	
67-63-0	400 ppm 999 mg/m3	500 ppm 1250 mg/m 3			

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection
- Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

When spraying, wear a face shield in accordance with standard EN166.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours. Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

### - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR

)) - PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol ) Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN 374

### - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of spraying, wear protective clothing against chemical risks and against sprayed liquid (type 4) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

#### - Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149. Category

. - FFP 1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143 : - P1 (White )

General information : Physical state :	
Physical state ·	
Thysical state .	Fluid liquid.
	Spray.
Important health, safety and environmental information	
pH:	Not relevant.
Boiling point/boiling range :	55 °C.
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Not relevant.
Density :	< 1
Water solubility :	Insoluble.
Melting point/melting range :	Not specified.
Self-ignition temperature :	200 °C.
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	200 °C.
Chemical combustion heat :	>= 30  kJ/g.
<b>9.2</b> . Other information No data available.	
No data available.	
ECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
<b>10.1</b> . Reactivity No data available.	
10.2 . Chemical stability	
This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and s	storage conditions in section 7.
10.3 . Possibility of hazardous reactions	
	hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide a
dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.	nazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide a
10.4 . Conditions to avoid	
Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic must not be allowed on the premises. Avoid :	c surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces e
- heating	
- heat	
- humidity	
- accumulation of electrostatic charges.	
- flames and hot surfaces	
Protect from moisture. Reaction with water can cause an exot	thermic reaction.
10.5 . Incompatible materials	
Keep away from :	
- water	
- strong oxidising agents	
- strong acids	
<b>10.6. Hazardous decomposition products</b> The	
thermal decomposition may release/form :	
- carbon monoxide (CO)	
- carbon dioxide (CO 2)	
ECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
11.1 . Information on toxicological effects	
Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of	the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse hear rritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nerve
effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system in system.	

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have irreversible effects on the eyes, such as tissue damage in the eye, or serious physical decay of sight, which is not fully reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Serious eye damage is typified by the destruction of cornea, persistent corneal opacity and iritis.

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness. Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance. **11.1.1**. Substances

### Acute toxicity :

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANES, <5% N-HEXANE.

Oral route : LD50 > 16750 mg/kg

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) Species : Rat (recommended by the CLP)

Dermal route : LD50 > 3350 mg/kg

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Species : Rabbit (recommended by the CLP)

Inhalation route (n/a) :

OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Species

: Rat (recommended by the CLP)

### 11.1.2 . Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 67-63-0 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

LC50 = 259354 mg/m3

# SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

### 12.1. Toxicity

#### 12.1.2 . Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

### 12.2 . Persistence and degradability

No data available.

12.3 . Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

**12.4. Mobility in soil** No data available.

12.5 . Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6 . Other adverse effects

# SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

### 13.1 . Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

### Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company. Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container. Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# **SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2015 - IMDG 2014 - ICAO/IATA 2015).

# 14.1 . UN number

1950

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

### 14.3 . Transport hazard class(es )

- Classification :



2.1

14.4. Packing group

-

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

-

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	2	D
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	2.1	See SP63	-	SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190 277 327 344 959	EO			
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167 A802	E0	
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167 A802	E0	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

**14.7 . Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code** No data available.

# SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:
  - The following regulations have been used:
  - Directive 75/324/CEE modified by directive 2013/10/UE
  - EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 487/2013.
  - EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 758/2013.
  - EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 944/2013.
  - EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 605/2014.

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 1297/2014.

- Container information : No data available.
- **Particular provisions :** No data available.

**15.2 . Chemical safety assessment** No data available.

# **SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

#### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

Extremely flammable gas.
Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Flammable liquid and vapour.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Abbreviations :

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA

: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail. WGK

: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS05 : Corrosion

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.