SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 . Product identifier

Product name : GALVA BRILLANT Product
code : 181800

1.2 . Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3 . Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered name company : IPH BRANDS
Address : 31 rue de la Baume, 75008 Paris, France
Telephone : +33 1-44-86-08-10
infoclient@giss.fr
http://www.giss.fr

1.4 . Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1.45.42.59.59.

Association/Organisation : INRS/ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 . Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).
Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).
Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).
May produce an allergic reaction (EUH208).
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 (Repr. 2, H361).
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (STOT RE 2, H373).
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

2 .2 . Label elements

Mixture for spray application.
Mixture for aerosol application.

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS07 GHS08 GHS02

Signal Word :

DANGER

Product identifiers :

EC 926-605-8	HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE
601-021-00-3	TOLUENE
EC 919-446-0	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)
EC 265-185-4	NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY

Additional labeling :

EUH208 Contains 2-BUTANONE OXIME. May produce an allergic reaction.

Hazard statements :

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements - Prevention :	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary statements - Response :	
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.../if you feel unwell.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Precautionary statements - Storage :	
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 oC/122oF.
Precautionary statements - Disposal :	
P501	Eliminate the contents / container according to the local regulations.
Other information :	

2.3 . Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as ‘Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3 .2 . Mixtures

Composition :

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: 601_004_00_0 CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7 REACH: 01-2119474691-32 BUTANE	GHS02, GHS04 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas, H280	C [1] [7]	25 <= x % < 50
INDEX: 603_019_00_8 CAS: 115-10-6 EC: 204-065-8 REACH: 01-2119472128-37 DIMETHYL ETHER	GHS02 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas, H280	[1] [7]	10 <= x % < 25
INDEX: A9266058 EC: 926-605-8 REACH: 01-2119486291-36 HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE	GHS09, GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH:066		2.5 <= x % < 10

INDEX: 648_010_00_X CAS: 90989-38-1 EC: 292-694-9 REACH: 01-2119486136-34 AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C8	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373	J	2.5 <= x % < 10
INDEX: 601-021-00-3 CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9 REACH: 01-2119471310-51 TOLUENE	GHS02, GHS08, GHS07 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Repr. 2, H361d Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT RE 2, H373 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]	2.5 <= x % < 10
INDEX: B9194460 EC: 919-446-0 REACH: 01-2119458049-33 HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)	GHS09, GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH:066		2.5 <= x % < 10
INDEX: 649_330_002A CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 265-185-4 REACH: 01-2119490979-12 NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY	GHS09, GHS08, GHS07 Dgr Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH:066	P	2.5 <= x % < 10
INDEX: 607-022-00-5 CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4 REACH: 01-2119475103-46 ETHYL ACETATE	GHS02, GHS07 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH:066	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
INDEX: 013-002-00-1 CAS: 7429-90-5 EC: 231-072-3 REACH: 01-2119529243-45 ALUMINIUM POWDER (STABILISED)	GHS02 Dgr Water-react. 2, H261 Flam. Sol. 1, H228	T [1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
INDEX: 030-013-00-7 CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5 REACH: 01-2119463881-32 ZINC OXIDE	GHS09 Wng Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1	[1]	0 <= x % < 1
INDEX: 616-014-00-0 CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 REACH: 01-2119539477-28 2-BUTANONE OXIME	GHS08, GHS05, GHS07 Dgr Carc. 2, H351 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[2]	0 <= x % < 1

Information on ingredients :

[7] Propellant gas

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available. [2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

Note J: The carcinogen or mutagen classification does not apply because the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w of benzene (EINECS 200-753-7).

Note P: The carcinogen or mutagen classification does not apply because the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w of benzene (EINECS 200-753-7).

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor. NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1 . Description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

In the event of inhalation of spray mist, seek medical attention immediately, showing the packaging or label. In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

4.2 . Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3 . Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5 .1 . Extinguishing media

In the event of fire, use specifically suitable extinguishing agents. Never use water. Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO 2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water
- water jet

5.2 . Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health. Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO 2)

5.3 . Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 . Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2 . Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3 . Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

Use some absorbent.

The elimination must be carried out by a registrated salvage professionnal.

6.4 . Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Avoid exposure to pregnant women and warn women of child-bearing age of the possible risks

7 .1 . Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Never pour water into this mixture.

Do not inhale vapours.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Where the personnel must carry out work in a booth, whether for spraying or otherwise, the ventilation may be inadequate to control particles and solvent vapors in every case.

It is therefore recommended that personnel wear masks with a compressed air supply during spraying operations until the concentration of particles and solvent vapors has fallen below the exposure limits.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions. In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used. Never open the packages under pressure.

7.2 . Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3 . Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8 .1 . Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- European Union (2017/164/UE, 2009/161/UE, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE)

- France (INRS - ED984 :2012) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
106-97-8	800	1900	-	-	-	-
115-10-6	1000	1920	-	-	-	-
108-88-3	20	76.8	100	384	R2, *	4bis,84
141-78-6	400	1400	-	-	-	84

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
115-10-6	1920	1000	-	-	-

108-88-3	192	50	384	100	Peau
141-78-6	734	200	1468	400	-

7429-90-5	-	10	-	-	-	-
1314-13-2	-	5	-	-	-	-

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	600 ppm 1450 mg/m3	750 ppm 1810 mg/m 3		Carc	
115-10-6	400 ppm 766 mg/m3	500 ppm 958 mg/m 3			
108-88-3	50 ppm 191 mg/m3	100 ppm 384 mg/m 3		Sk	
141-78-6	200 ppm	400 ppm			
7429-90-5	2 mg/m3	-	-	-	-

8.2 . Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- **Eye / face protection**

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

When spraying, wear a face shield in accordance with standard EN166.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- **Hand protection**

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required. Type of gloves recommended : - PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol) Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN 374

- **Body protection**

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of spraying, wear protective clothing against chemical risks and against sprayed liquid (type 4) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- **Respiratory protection**

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149.

Category :

- FFP 1
- FFP 3

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)
- A3 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143 :

- P1 (White)
- P3 (White)

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 . Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information :

Physical state :	Fluid liquid. Spray.

Important health, safety and environmental information

pH :	Not relevant.
Boiling point/boiling range :	110 °C.
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).
Density :	> 1
Water solubility :	Insoluble.
Viscosity:	v < 7 mm2/s (40°C)
Melting point/melting range :	Not relevant.
Self-ignition temperature :	200 °C.
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	200 °C.
Chemical combustion heat :	>= 30 kJ/g.

9.2 . Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 . Reactivity

No data available.

10.2 . Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3 . Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4 . Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises. Avoid :

- heating
- heat
- humidity
- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- flames and hot surfaces

Protect from moisture. Reaction with water can cause an exothermic reaction.

10 .5 . Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- water
- strong oxidising agents
- strong acids

10.6 . Hazardous decomposition products The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO 2)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 . Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

Suspected human reproductive toxicant.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.

11.1.1 . Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

11.1.2 . Mixture

Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

Contains at least one sensitising substance. May cause an allergic reaction.

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 108-88-3 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1 . Toxicity

12.1.2 . Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2 . Persistence and degradability

No data available.

12.3 . Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4 . Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5 . Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12 .6 . Other adverse effects

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1 . Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company. Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container. Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2017 - IMDG 2016 - ICAO/IATA 2017).

14.1 . UN number

1950

14.2 . UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3 . Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :

2.1

14 .4 . Packing group

-

14 .5 . Environmental hazards

-

14 .6 . Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	2	D

IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190 277 327 344 381 959	E0

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167 A802	E0
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167 A802	E0

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7 . Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 . Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- Directive 75/324/CEE modified by directive 2013/10/UE
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2016/1179. (ATP 9)

- **Container information :**
  No data available.
- **Labelling for VOCs present in varnishes, paints and in vehicle refinishing products (2004/42/EC) :**
  The permitted European level of VOC in this ready-to-use product is limited to 734 g/l.
  The permitted European level of VOC in the ready-to-use product (category IIBe) is 840 g/l maximum.
- **Particular provisions :**
  No data available.

15.2 . Chemical safety assessment
No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228 Flammable solid.
H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer .
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations :

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.
ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.
IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA
: International Air Transport Association.
ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation
RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.
WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame
GHS07 : Exclamation mark
GHS08 : Health hazard
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.
vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.
SVHC : Substances of very high concern.